Group Benefits

The City Of Saint Paul, Minnesota

Long Term Disability



CERTIFICATE OF GROUP INSURANCE

Fortis Benefits Insurance Company certifies that the insurance stated in this Certificate became effective on the Effective Date shown in your Schedule. This Certificate is subject to the provisions of the below numbered *policy* issued by Fortis Benefits Insurance Company to the *policyholder*.

Policyholder: The City Of Saint Paul, Minnesota

Group Policy Number: 65,367

Participation Number: 0

Type of Coverage:

Group Long Term Disability Insurance

This Certificate replaces any and all Certificates and Certificate Endorsements, if any, issued to you under the *policy*.

Michael of Peninger

Executive Vice-President

SCHEDULE

Eligible Persons

To be eligible for insurance, a person must be a member of an Eligible Class. The person must also complete a period of continuous service (Service Requirement) with the *policyholder* (or any *associated company*).

Eligible Classes: Each *full-time* employee of the *policyholder* or an *associated company*,

- who is at active work, and
- who is working in the United States of America,
- who is employed in a position covered under a collective bargaining agreement by and between the policyholder and an associated company and a union local,

except any temporary or seasonal worker.

Associated Companies: None

Service Requirement: 0 to 6 months – as defined by your current bargaining unit

Effective Date of Insurance

The effective date of insurance will be the later of (i) November 1, 1995, and (ii) the following:

- if you are eligible for insurance after the *policyholder*'s effective date, and you request insurance on or within 31 days of the date you became eligible, you will become insured as follows:
 - if your request is made by the 10th of the month, you will become insured on the first of the month next following your request.
 - ♦ if your request is made after the 10th of the month, you will become insured on the first of the second month next following the date of your request.
- if your request is made more than 31 days after you become eligible, or after insurance ended because the premium was not paid, the request must be made during the next annual enrollment period. You must furnish, at your own expense, *proof of good health*. No *proof of good health* will be considered acceptable until we approve it.

Whenever proof of good health is required, you will become insured on the date described below:

- if the last document needed to establish proof of good health was signed by the 10th day of the month, you will become insured on the first of the month next following the date the document was signed.
- if the last document needed to establish proof of good health was signed after the 10th day of the month, you will become insured on the first of the second month next following the date the document was signed.

Long Term Disability Insurance

Schedule Amount: The Schedule Amount is the amount you elected on your enrollment form. The Schedule Amount may not be more than 60% of *monthly pay*, must be in \$100 increments, subject to a minimum Schedule Amount of \$500 and a maximum Schedule Amount of \$5,000 per month.

SCHEDULE (continued)

The *covered person* may elect to change the Schedule Amount during an annual enrollment period agreed upon by the *policyholder* and us. The new Schedule Amount will be effective as indicated by the *policyholder* on the Application. The amount of the increase is subject to a new Pre-existing Conditions period, as described in the "Long Term Disability Insurance" provisions of the *policy*.

For each day of a period less than a full month, the Schedule Amount will be 1/30th of the amount determined above.

Monthly pay must be from the *policyholder* or an *associated company*, is determined on the determination date (defined below) occurring on or before the day the *period of disability* starts, and means:

For principals of a partnership:

a monthly average of the amount reported as ordinary income on Schedule K-1 of IRS Partnership Return of Income Form 1065, or their successor forms, for the prior full calendar year.*

For principals of a proprietorship, professional corporation, professional association, or sub-chapter S corporation:

a monthly average of the disabled person's draw or salary received during the prior full calendar year.**

**If you have been a principal for less than a full calendar year, *monthly pay* will consist of a monthly average of the draw or salary you received during the time you were a principal. Profits, dividends, or returns of capital will not be included.

For all other persons:

your basic monthly pay. Bonuses, overtime, and other compensation not considered by us as basic wages or salary are not included. However, a monthly average of any commissions received during the prior full calendar year will be included. If you have been eligible to receive commissions for less than a full calendar year, *monthly pay* will include a monthly average of commissions received during the time you were eligible to receive them.

If you are an hourly employee, *monthly pay* will be based on your hourly rate of pay, but no more than 40 hours per week.

Minimum Benefit: Your minimum monthly benefit will be \$100. For any part of a *period of disability* less than a full month, the Minimum Benefit is 1/30th of \$100 for each day of *disability* after the *qualifying period* ends. No Minimum Benefit will be paid if you return to work and receive at least 100% of predisability earnings in salary, wages, or similar pay from work that is done.

Qualifying Period: For a *covered person* insured under the Short Term Disability plan issued by us to the *policyholder*, the *qualifying period* is the greater of the following:

- the end of all sick leave, donated sick time, vacation pay or other salary continuance; or
- if benefits are payable under the Short Term Disability Policy for the Maximum Benefit Period, the *qualifying period* is the Maximum Benefit Period; and
- in all other cases, 6 months

Maximum Interruption During Qualifying Period: 30 days

This Maximum applies to all returns to active work during any one qualifying period. However:

SCHEDULE (continued)

- the *qualifying period* will not be considered interrupted while you are in a *period of disability* under the Short Term Disability Policy; and
- the "Maximum Interruption During Qualifying Period" provision applies only to *periods of disability* when benefits are not payable under the Short Term Disability Policy.

Maximum Benefit Period: We will not pay benefits beyond the maximums stated below, based on the person's age on the day the *period of disability* started.

<u>Age</u>	Maximum Benefit Period
Before 60	the day before retirement age*
60 but before 65	the day before retirement age* or 36 months of <i>disability</i> **, whichever is longer
65 but before 68	24 months of <i>disability</i> **
68 but before 70	18 months of <i>disability</i> **
70 but before 72	15 months of <i>disability</i> **
72 or more	12 months of disability**

^{*&}quot;Retirement age" means the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as stated in the 1983 revision of the United States Social Security Act.

^{**}following the end of the *qualifying period*.

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GENERAL DEFINITIONS

These terms have the meanings shown here when *italicized*. The pronouns "we", "us", "our", "you", and "your" are not *italicized*.

Active work means working full-time for the policyholder or an associated company at your usual place of business.

Associated company means any company shown in the *policy* which is owned by or affiliated with the *policyholder*.

Contributory means you pay part or all of the premium.

Covered person means an eligible employee or member of the *policyholder*, or an *associated company* who has become insured for a coverage.

Doctor means a person, other than you, acting within the scope of his or her license to practice medicine and perform surgery.

Eligible class means a class of persons eligible for insurance under the *policy*. This class is based on employment or membership in a group.

Full-time means working at least 40 hours per week, unless indicated otherwise in the policy.

Home office includes our Home Office located in St. Paul, Minnesota, and our office in Kansas City, Missouri.

Injury means accidental bodily injury. It does not mean intentionally self-inflicted injury while sane or insane.

No-fault motor vehicle coverage means a motor vehicle plan that pays disability or medical benefits without considering who was at fault in any accident that occurs.

Policy means the group policy issued by us to the *policyholder* that describes the benefits for which you may be eligible.

Policyholder means the entity to whom the policy is issued.

Proof of good health means evidence acceptable to us of the good health of a person.

We, us, and our mean Fortis Benefits Insurance Company.

You and your mean an employee or member of the *policyholder* or an *associated company* who has met all the eligibility requirements for a coverage.

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DEFINITIONS FOR LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Accommodation expense means the costs your employer incurs to accommodate your disability, as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act or similar legislation. It also means costs you incur for tools, equipment, furniture, computer software, or other items necessary for you to return to work. The amount of the accommodation expense will be limited to \$2,000 for each period of disability.

Appropriate medical plan means either an appropriate plan to arrive at a more accurate or more supported diagnosis of your medical condition(s), or an appropriate plan of treatment of your medical condition(s), or both.

Disability or disabled means that in a particular month, you satisfy either the Occupation Test or the Earnings Test, as described below. You may satisfy both the Occupation Test and Earnings Test, but you need only satisfy one Test to be considered *disabled*.

Occupation Test

- during the first 36 months of a period of disability (including the qualifying period), an
 injury, sickness, or pregnancy requires that you be under the regular care and attendance
 of a doctor, and prevents you from performing at least one of the material duties of your
 regular occupation; and
- after 36 months of *disability*, an *injury*, sickness, or pregnancy prevents you from performing at least one of the *material duties* of each *gainful occupation* for which your education, training, and experience qualifies you.

Earnings Test

You may be considered *disabled* in any month in which you are actually working, if an *injury*, sickness, or pregnancy, whether past or present, prevents you from earning more than 80% of your *monthly pay* in that month in any occupation for which your education, training or experience qualifies you.

If your actual earnings during any month are more than 80% of your *monthly pay*, you will not be considered *disabled* under the Earnings Test during that month. Salary, wages, partnership or proprietorship draw, commissions, bonuses, or similar pay, and any other income you receive or are entitled to receive will be included. However, sick pay and salary continuance for periods not at work will not be included. Any lump sum payment will be pro-rated, based on the time over which it accrued or the period for which it was paid.

You may still be considered *disabled* according to the Occupation Test, without regard to your level of current earnings, if you meet the requirements of that Test.

If you meet the Earnings Test, *full-time* work in which you are performing all of the *material duties* of your regular or some other occupation will not interrupt the *qualifying period* or the *period of disability*. If you meet the Occupation Test only, work on less than a *full-time* basis or work in which you are not doing all of the *material duties* of your regular occupation, will not interrupt the *qualifying period* or the *period of disability*.

Education expense means, in your rehabilitation plan, the reasonable costs you incur which are required for your education or training to return to work. These costs may include the cost of tuition, books, computers, and other equipment. In your spouse's rehabilitation plan, education expense means the reasonable costs your spouse incurs which are required for your spouse's education or training. These costs may include the cost of tuition, books, computers, and other equipment.

Family care expense means the amount you spend for care of a family member in order for you to work or be retrained under a *rehabilitation plan*. To qualify:

- your family member must be under age 13, or be physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself;
- your family member must be dependent on you for support and maintenance; and
- the person who cares for your family member cannot be a relative.

Not more than \$350 per family member per month will be included. A pro-rated amount will apply to any period shorter than a month.

Gainful occupation means an occupation in which you could reasonably be expected to earn at least as much as your Schedule Amount.

Government plan means the United States Social Security Act, the Railroad Retirement Act, the Canadian Pension Plan, similar plans provided under the laws of other nations, and any plan provided under the laws of a state, province, or other political subdivision. It also includes any public employee retirement plan or any teachers' employment retirement plan, or any plan provided as an alternative to any of the above acts or plans. It does not include any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law, or the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Hospital means a facility supervised by 1 or more *doctors* and operated under state and local laws. It must have 24-hour nursing service by registered graduate nurses. It may specialize in treating alcoholism, drug addiction, chemical dependency, or mental disease, but it cannot be a rest home, convalescent home, or a home for the aged.

Hospital confined and hospital confinement mean staying in a hospital for 24 hours a day.

Long term disability insurance means the group long term disability insurance under the *policy* issued by us to the *policyholder*.

Material duties means the sets of tasks or skills required generally by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation. One *material duty* of your regular occupation is the ability to work for an employer on a *full-time* basis as defined in the *policy*.

Medical expense means the reasonable costs you incur for medical treatment, physical therapy, and adaptive equipment necessary for your vocational rehabilitation, in excess of amounts paid or payable by third parties and any amounts under a policy of major medical coverage.

Mental illness means neurosis, psychoneurosis, psychopathy, psychosis, depression, eating and sleeping disorders, or mental or emotional diseases or disorders of any kind including those caused by chemical imbalance. It does not include dementia, organic brain syndromes, delirium, amnesia syndromes or organic delusional or hallucinogenic syndromes.

Moving expense means the costs you incur to move more than 35 miles so that you can attend school or accept gainful work. In a spouse's *rehabilitation plan*, the costs are those incurred by the family so that the spouse can attend school or accept gainful work.

Nationally recognized authorities means the American Medical Association (AMA), the AMA Board of Medical Specialties, the American College of Physicians and Surgeons, the Food and Drug Administration, the Centers for Disease Control, the Office of Technology Assessment, the National Institutes of Health, the Health Care Finance Administration, the Agency for Health Care Policy and Research, the Department of Health and Human Services, the National Cancer Institute, the American Psychiatric Association, and any additional organizations we choose which attain similar status.

Other plan means any group disability plan sponsored by your employer, the *policyholder*, or an associated company, except the one provided under the *policy*.

Period of disability means the time that begins on the day you become disabled and ends on the day before you return to active work. If you satisfy the qualifying period and then:

- return to active work;
- become disabled again; and
- remain insured under the policy,

the same period of disability may continue. Your return to active work must be for less than:

- 6 months, if the later *disability* results from the same cause, or a related one; or
- 1 day, if the later *disability* results from a different cause.

If your return to *active work* meets either of the above conditions, you do not have to satisfy the *qualifying period* again. The Maximum Benefit Period will continue on the day you become *disabled* again.

If you return to *active work* for more than the time shown above, and then become *disabled* again, you will start a new *period of disability*. You must satisfy the *qualifying period* again and the Maximum Benefit Period will start over.

Qualifying medical condition means a life-threatening condition where you have an expected life span of 12 months or less.

Qualifying period means the length of time during a period of disability that you must be disabled before benefits are payable. If you satisfy the Earnings Test during the entire qualifying period, the Maximum Interruption During Qualifying Period in the Schedule will not apply. If application of the Occupation Test and the Maximum Interruption During Qualifying Period would result in an earlier entitlement to benefits, we will apply those provisions instead of the Earnings Test. In satisfying the Occupation Test, if you:

- return to *active work* during the *qualifying period* for no more than the maximum number of days shown in the Schedule;
- remain insured under the policy, and
- become disabled again for the same cause or one related to it;

you will not have to satisfy again the part of the qualifying period that you have already fulfilled.

In any case, you cannot satisfy any part of the *qualifying period* by any *period of disability* that results from a cause for which we do not pay benefits.

Any days of active work (including weekends in between) will not count in satisfying the qualifying period.

Quality of care services means services which are designed to assist you in reaching and maintaining the functional capacity to work in a *gainful occupation* with reasonable continuity.

Recovery period means the period:

starting on the first day of disability in the period of disability (including the qualifying period);
 and

 ending on the day after which no further significant recovery from or significant lasting improvement to your *injury*, or sickness, or pregnancy can reasonably be expected, based upon reasonable medical probability.

Regular care and attendance means care at a frequency medically appropriate for your condition. If your condition does not require frequent visits to your *doctor*, neither will we.

Rehabilitation plan means a written statement, developed by us, which describes:

- the vocational rehabilitation goals for you;
- our responsibilities, your responsibilities, and the responsibilities of any other parties to the plan; and
- the timing of the implementation and expected completion of the plan, to the extent that it can be established, assuming your full cooperation.

The rehabilitation plan will be designed to enable you to return to work in a gainful occupation.

A spouse's *rehabilitation plan* means a written agreement between you, your spouse, and us in which, at your request, we agree to provide, arrange or authorize appropriate vocational or physical rehabilitation services.

Retirement plan means a formal or informal retirement plan, whether or not under an insurance or annuity contract. It does not include:

- a plan you pay for entirely;
- a qualified profit-sharing plan;
- a thrift plan;
- an individual retirement account (IRA);
- a tax sheltered annuity (TSA);
- a stock ownership plan;
- a government plan; or
- a plan that qualifies under Internal Revenue Service Code 401(k).

Social security plan means:

- the United States Social Security Act;
- the Railroad Retirement Act;
- the Canadian Pension Plan; or
- any similar plan provided under the laws of any other nation.

It also means any public employee retirement plan, or teachers' employment retirement plan provided as an alternative to rather than a supplement for such plans.

SSA representatives are persons or organizations which specialize in assisting people to obtain disability benefits under the United States Social Security Act. If you appoint an SSA representative, and they agree you are a good candidate, they will help you pursue your Social Security claim.

Vocational adjustment period means a three month period, starting on the day after the recovery period ends.

ELIGIBILITY AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS

Exception to Effective Date

If you are not at *active work* on the day you would otherwise become insured, your insurance will not take effect until you return to *active work*. If the day your coverage would normally take effect is not a regular work day for you, your coverage will take effect on that day if you are able to do your regular job.

When Your Insurance Ends

Your insurance will end on the date:

- the policy ends;
- the *policy* is changed to end the insurance for your *eligible class*;
- you are no longer in an eligible class;
- you stop active work; or
- a required contribution was not paid.

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LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Insurance Provided

If you become *disabled* while insured under the *policy*, we will pay long term disability benefits if you satisfy the *qualifying period*. We will continue to pay benefits during your *disability*, but not beyond the Maximum Benefit Period. Any benefits are subject to the provisions of the *policy*.

Amount of Benefit

The amount of benefit we will pay is the Schedule Amount. However, if the Schedule Amount plus the amount of benefits and payments from Other Sources is more than 70% of your *monthly pay*, your benefit will be reduced by the excess.

Other Sources

- If you are eligible to receive any salary, wages, partnership or proprietorship draw, commissions, or similar pay from any work you do, we will not consider such income for the 12 consecutive months starting on the day you become entitled to it, as long as the sum of:
 - the income described above,
 - the Schedule Amount, and
 - benefits from any source described in Other Sources,

is not more than 100% of your *monthly pay*. If the sum is more than 100% of your *monthly pay*, we will subtract the amount over 100% from the Schedule Amount when determining your benefit under the *policy*.

After 12 months, we will consider 70% of the amount determined after reducing any salary, wages, partnership or proprietorship draw, commissions or similar pay you earn from any work you do, by any *family care expense*.

- group disability benefits from any other plan.
- disability benefits from the United States Social Security Act, including dependent benefits, payable because of your *injury*, sickness, or pregnancy.
- disability benefits from a government plan, except Social Security.
- any benefits (except medical or death benefits) or any amount received in a settlement or compromise of your rights, under:
 - o any Workers' Compensation Act (or a similar law); or
 - the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure.
- retirement benefits, disability benefits, or similar benefits (not including your contributions) from a retirement plan sponsored by your employer, the policyholder, or an associated company.

Early retirement benefits from a retirement plan will be included only if:

you choose to receive them; or

- they would not reduce the normal retirement benefit under the retirement plan sponsored by your employer.
- retirement benefits from a government plan.
- any group disability insurance contract, except one sponsored by your employer, the *policyholder*, or an *associated company*.
- any no-fault motor vehicle coverage, unless:
 - state law or regulation does not allow group disability benefits to be reduced by benefits from no-fault motor vehicle coverage; or
 - the no-fault motor vehicle coverage determines its benefits after benefits have been paid under the policy, or
 - the benefits are provided under optional coverage.

Estimate of Benefits

If you:

- are eligible for benefits from any of the above sources; or
- would be paid such benefits if you had applied for them or had applied for them on time;

we will figure your monthly benefit as though you are receiving these other benefits, even if you are not.

We will:

- estimate the amount of your Social Security benefit; and
- offset that amount as described above;

until we receive notice of a denial of such benefits at the first level of appeal after an initial denial.

Social Security Assistance

Your claim for Social Security disability benefits may be denied up to the reconsideration level. If it is, we will have it reviewed by an SSA representative, at your request.

If we consider you a good candidate, we will start this process. We will give you a list of SSA representatives. If you choose from this list, we will pay their fee.

Whether you use our help or not, we will reimburse you for the fee charged you by your *SSA* representative. You must become entitled to Social Security disability benefits while eligible for benefits under our *policy*. Our reimbursement is limited to the fee approved by the Social Security Administration. We may reduce any overpayment calculated in our claim.

Adjustment of Benefits

If we find that the amount of benefits from any source should be different from the amount we used to figure your monthly benefit, we will adjust it.

If we paid you less than we should have, we will pay you the difference.

If we paid you more than we should have, you must pay us the difference. We may reduce your benefit or stop paying benefits until the overpayment is recovered. If we reduce your benefit, or stop paying benefits, the Minimum Benefit will not be payable.

Lump Sum Benefit

If you receive benefits from any source in a lump sum, we will pro-rate it over the time in which it accrued, based on information from the source of the payment. If we do not receive all the information we need, we will pro-rate the payment according to its nature and purpose.

Benefit Freeze

We will not reduce your monthly benefit further if the amount of benefits from any source, other than the *policy*, changes because of a cost of living increase that occurs automatically or by law after you satisfy the *qualifying period*.

Managed Rehabilitation Benefit

Rehabilitation Plan for You

You may be eligible to receive vocational rehabilitation services. In order to be eligible for such services you must have the functional capability to successfully complete a *rehabilitation plan*.

Vocational rehabilitation services will include the preparation of a *rehabilitation plan* for you, with input from you and your *doctor*. We, you, your *doctor*, or your employer can begin the process of developing a *rehabilitation plan*. Vocational rehabilitation services may include, at our sole discretion, payment of your *medical expense*, *education expense*, *moving expense*, *accommodation expense*, or *family care expense*.

While you are participating, with your full cooperation, in your *rehabilitation plan*, we will increase your Schedule Amount by 5% of your *monthly pay* or \$1,000, whichever is less. During this period, your Schedule Amount may exceed the maximum Schedule Amount in the Schedule.

If you return to work as part of a *rehabilitation plan* while you are *disabled*, we will pay your employer:

- 50% of your salary, wages, partnership or proprietorship draw, commissions, or similar pay; or
- the Schedule Amount, if less;

for the first month after you return to work, or your remaining period of disability, if less.

If your *disability* ends while you are participating, with your full cooperation, in your *rehabilitation plan*, and you are not able to find gainful work, we will:

- pay you the amount of benefit, other than rehabilitation benefits, that would have been payable to you if you had remained *disabled* until:
 - 3 months after your disability ends; or
 - o the date you are able to find gainful work, if earlier; and
- provide or pay for reasonable job placement services for a period of up to 3 months after your disability ends.

Failure to participate with your full cooperation in the *rehabilitation plan*, without good cause, will result in the reduction or the end of your *long term disability insurance* benefits. If benefits end, your *long term disability insurance* coverage under the *policy* will end. Reduction of benefits will be based on your projected income if you had met the goals of the *rehabilitation plan*. Benefits will be figured as though you were:

- actually working in the occupation contemplated in the rehabilitation plan; and
- earning the projected income amount.

If such work at the projected income would have resulted in the end of your *long term disability insurance* benefits, your benefits will end as of the expected completion of the *rehabilitation plan*. "Good cause" means a medical reason preventing implementation of the *rehabilitation plan*.

We will make the final determination of any vocational rehabilitation services provided, of your eligibility for participation, and of any continued benefit payments.

Rehabilitation Plan for Your Spouse

You and your spouse may ask to participate in a *rehabilitation plan* for your spouse while you are *disabled* if:

- you are receiving disability benefits from a social security plan; and
- your spouse's earnings in the six calendar months prior to your disability averaged less than 60% of your monthly pay.

We have the sole discretion to approve or deny your request. The terms and conditions of the *rehabilitation plan* must be mutually agreed by you, your spouse, and us.

The *rehabilitation plan* for your spouse may include, at our discretion, payment of your spouse's *education expense*, reasonable job placement expenses, and the family's *moving expense*, if any. It may also include *family care expense* incurred by your spouse, necessary in order for your spouse to be retrained under the *rehabilitation plan*.

We will reduce the amount of your benefit we pay you by 50% of any salary, wages, partnership or proprietorship draw, commissions, or similar pay from any work your spouse does as a result of participating in your spouse's *rehabilitation plan*. If your spouse is working when your spouse's *rehabilitation plan* begins, we will only reduce your benefit by 50% of the increase in income that results from your spouse's participation in your spouse's *rehabilitation plan*.

Quality of Care Benefit

You may be eligible for *quality of care services*, while you are *disabled*. *Quality of care services* will be provided at our sole discretion. In providing *quality of care services*, we will help develop an *appropriate medical plan* for you. As part of the *appropriate medical plan*, we may:

- arrange any necessary second medical opinions or specialty consultations;
- recommend referral to therapeutic programs including, but not limited to, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, exercise programs, mental health programs, pain clinic programs, and other medical rehabilitation programs;
- identify durable medical equipment which might improve your ability to function;

- provide published medical materials for you or your doctor, and refer you to support groups for people with similar impairments:
- negotiate discounts for your benefit with providers of medical services, equipment, or prescription drugs;
- help you identify third parties who may pay for needed therapeutic programs, equipment, or services; or
- pay for reasonable costs you incur to participate in the plan, in excess of amounts paid or payable by third parties (including any amounts receivable under a policy of medical coverage). We may pay for such costs if you would not otherwise be able to undertake the necessary therapeutic program or receive the services. We will consider, among other things, the likelihood that such programs or services will result in an overall lowering of benefits payable to you under the *policy*.

If we find that an *appropriate medical plan* for your condition has not yet been developed for you, we will develop and endorse such a plan, with input from you and your *doctor*. If we find that your *doctor* has devised an *appropriate medical plan* for you, but you have not followed that plan consistently, we will endorse that plan. In making our decision to endorse a plan, we will rely on the currently published guidelines with respect to your medical condition from *nationally recognized authorities*. If more than one *appropriate medical plan* exists, you and your *doctor* may choose the one most appropriate for you.

Long term disability insurance benefits and your coverage under the *policy* will both end, without regard for any other provisions of the *policy*, if:

- there is unreasonable failure on your part to undergo a scheduled examination for a second medical opinion or specialty consultation; or
- once we have endorsed an *appropriate medical plan* for you, you fail to comply with this plan without good cause. "Good cause" means a medical reason preventing implementation of the plan.

We will make the final determination of any *quality of care services* provided, of your eligibility for participation, and of any continued benefit payments.

Exclusions

We will not pay benefits for any time you are confined to any facility because you were convicted of a crime or public offense.

We will not pay benefits for any disability caused by:

- war or any act of war, whether declared or not;
- intentionally self-inflicted injury, while sane or insane; or
- taking part in or the result of taking part in committing a felony.

We will not pay benefits if:

- your employer, the policyholder, or an associated company has offered you the
 opportunity to return to limited work while you are disabled;
- you are functionally capable of performing the limited work which is offered; and
- you do not return to work when and as scheduled.

Benefits will end as of the date you were first scheduled to return to work. Subject to the terms of the *policy*, benefits will recommence on the earlier of the date you return to such work, if you remain *disabled*, or the date your *disability* worsens so that you are no longer capable of such work.

Alcoholism, Drug Addiction, Chemical Dependency, and Mental Illness

We pay only a limited benefit for a *period of disability* due to alcoholism, drug addiction, chemical dependency and *mental illness*. The Maximum Benefit Period for all such *periods of disability* is 24 months. This is not a separate maximum for each such condition, or for each *period of disability*, but a combined maximum for all *periods of disability* and for all of these conditions.

Benefits may be payable for more than 24 months, but not beyond the Maximum Benefit Period in the Schedule, if you

- are hospital confined at the end of the 24-month period above, and
- remain disabled.

Benefits will be payable for the length of your confinement and for up to 60 days following the end of your confinement.

If you are *hospital confined* again during the 60-day period for at least 10 consecutive days, benefits will be payable for the length of the second confinement and for up to 60 days following the end of the second confinement.

Pre-existing Conditions

We will not pay benefits for any *disability* caused by a pre-existing condition (defined below) until you have been at *active work* for a full day following the earlier of:

- 3 consecutive months, ending on or after the day you became insured under the *long term disability insurance policy*, during which you do not consult with or receive advice from a licensed medical or dental practitioner or receive medical or dental care, treatment or services, including taking drugs, medicine, insulin or similar substances, for that condition; or
- 12 consecutive months during which you are continuously insured under the *long term* disability insurance policy.

A "pre-existing condition" means an *injury*, sickness, or pregnancy or any related *injury*, sickness, or pregnancy for which you:

- consulted with or received advice from a licensed medical or dental practitioner, or
- received medical or dental care, treatment or services, including taking drugs, medicine, insulin, or similar substances

during the 3 months that end on the day before you became insured under the *long term disability insurance policy*.

Extended Benefit

If you are *disabled* on the day your *long term disability insurance* ends, and if you remain *disabled* long enough to qualify, we will pay benefits according to the *policy*.

Conversion Privilege

If your *long term disability insurance* ends, you may be able to convert to coverage provided under a conversion policy. You must have been insured under the *policy* for at least a year. This includes time insured under any similar group policy which the *policy* replaces.

Within 31 days after your insurance ends, you must:

- apply for coverage under the conversion policy; and
- pay the first premium.

Proof of good health is not required.

You cannot convert if your *long term disability insurance* ends because:

- the policy ends;
- the *policy* is changed to end your coverage;
- you are disabled;
- a required premium is not paid; or
- you retire from your employer, the *policyholder*, or an *associated company*.

The benefits of the conversion policy will be those we offer for conversion at the time you apply. The premium will be based on rates in effect for conversion policies at that time. The effective date of coverage will be the day after your insurance under the *policy* ends.

Survivor Benefit

If you die while entitled to benefits under the *policy*, we will pay a survivor benefit. We must receive proof of your death and proof that the person claiming the benefit is entitled to it. We will pay the survivor benefit only to your lawful spouse, if living, otherwise, to your children. Children must be unmarried, and under age 21 or, if a full-time student, age 25. "Children" include step-children or foster children that depended on you for support and maintenance. Adopted children are also included.

The monthly survivor benefit equals the monthly benefit payable under the *policy* for your last full calendar month of *disability*. If no benefit was paid for a full calendar month, a survivor benefit for a full month will be determined.

The survivor benefit is payable on:

- the first of the month after your death; and
- the first of each of the next 2 months.

If no one entitled to the survivor benefit is living on the first of any month after your death, we will not pay a survivor benefit.

Payment of the survivor benefit is subject to the other provisions of the policy.

CLAIM PROVISIONS

Payment of Benefits

We will pay benefits at the end of each month (or shorter period) for which we are liable, after we receive the required proof. If any amount is unpaid when *disability* ends, we will pay it when we receive the required proof.

To Whom Payable

We will pay all benefits to you, if you are legally competent. If you are legally incompetent, we will pay benefits to the guardian of your estate. If any amount remains unpaid when you die, we will pay your estate.

Authority

We have the sole discretionary authority to determine eligibility for participation or benefits and to interpret the terms of the Policy. All determinations and interpretations made by us are conclusive and binding on all parties.

Filing a Claim

- 1. You must send us notice of the claim. We must have written notice of any insured loss within 30 days after it occurs, or as soon as reasonably possible. You can send the notice to our *home office*, to one of our regional group claims offices, or to one of our agents. We need enough information to identify you as a *covered person*.
- 2. Within 15 days after the date of your notice, we will send you certain claim forms. The forms must be completed and sent to our *home office* or to one of our regional group claims offices. If you do not receive the claim forms within 15 days, we will accept a written description of the exact nature and extent of the loss.
- 3. The time limit for filing a claim is 90 days after the end of the first month (or shorter period) for which we are liable.
- 4. To decide our liability, we may require:
 - proof of benefits from other sources, and
 - proof that you have applied for all benefits from other sources, and that you have furnished any proof required to get them.

You must furnish whatever items we decide are necessary as proof of loss or to decide our liability. You must authorize the sources of medical and dental services to release your medical information. If you do not furnish any required information or authorize its release, we will not pay benefits.

If it is not reasonably possible to give proof on time, we will not deny or reduce your claim if you give us proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Physical Exam

We may ask you to be examined as often as we require at any time we choose. We will pay for any exam we require.

CLAIM PROVISIONS (continued)

Limit on Legal Action

No action at law or in equity may be brought against the *policy* until at least 60 days after you file proof of loss. No action can be brought after the statute of limitations in your state has expired, but, in any case, not after 6 years from the date of loss.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Entire Contract

The *policy* and the *policyholder*'s application attached to it are the entire contract. Any statement made by you or the *policyholder* is considered a representation. It is not considered a warranty or guarantee. A statement will not be used in a dispute unless it is written and signed, and a copy is given to you.

Errors

An error in keeping records will not cancel insurance that should continue nor continue insurance that should end. We will adjust the premium, if necessary, but not beyond 3 years before the date the error was found. If the premium was overpaid, we will refund the difference. If the premium was underpaid, the difference must be paid to us.

Misstatements

If any information about a person is misstated, the facts will determine whether insurance is in effect and in what amount. We will equitably adjust the premium.

Individual Certificates

We will send certificates to the *policyholder* to give to each *covered person*. The certificate will state the insurance to which the person is entitled. It does not change the provisions of the *policy*.

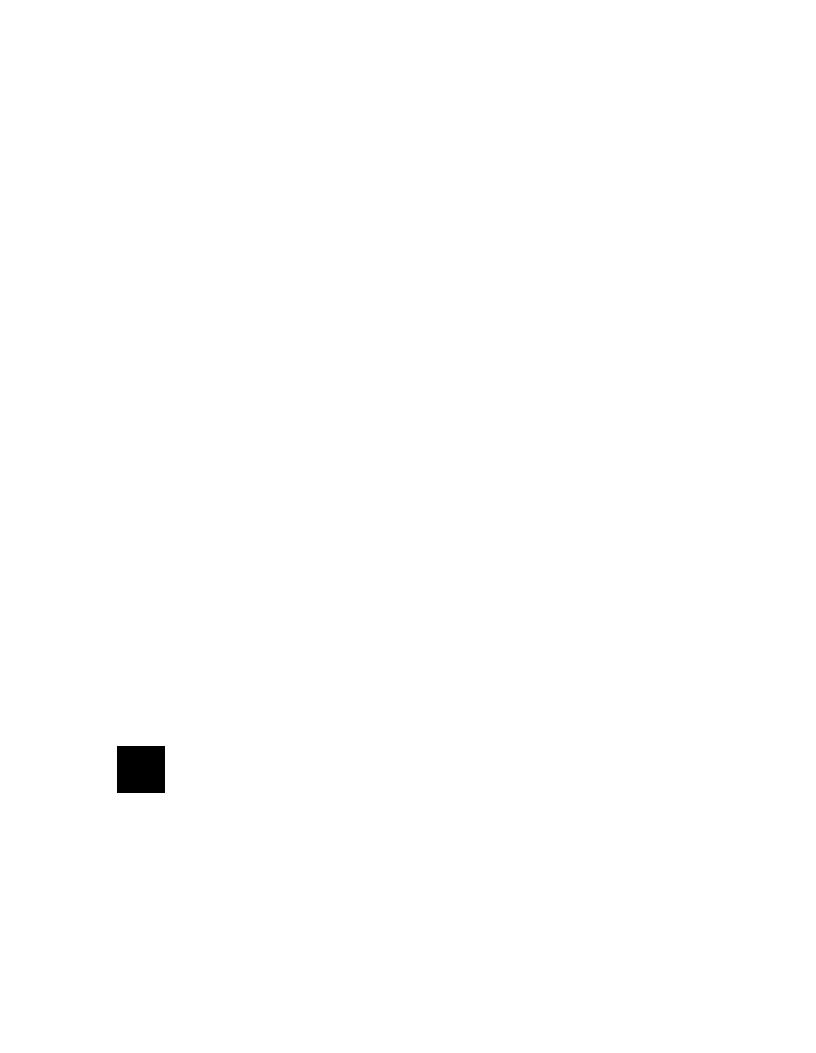
Workers' Compensation

The *policy* is not in place of, and does not affect any state's requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation insurance.

Agency

Neither the *policyholder*, any employer, any *associated company*, nor any administrator appointed by the foregoing is our agent. We are not liable for any of their acts or omissions.

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Solid partners, flexible solutions^{sм}

Fortis Benefits Insurance Company 2323 Grand Boulevard Kansas City, MO 64108-2670